

Q14. 'Under the Mughal emperors, Kathak dance and Miniature paintings were the two forms of art which flourished'. Write a short note on each one of them. (2½+2½=5)

Q15. What do you mean by Women's Movement? Explain different strategies adopted by women's movement to fight against discrimination. (1+4=5)

Q16. These forests are also known as Tropical Rainforests. Identify and explain them. (5)

Q17. (a) What are the 'Prairies'? What is its extent?
(b) Briefly state the climatic conditions of the Prairies. (2+3=5)

Q18. Attempt the following maps.

(a) On the provided political map of India, name and mark the following : (1x4=4)

- (i) Two gharanas where Kathak flourished
- (ii) Capital of Marathas
- (iii) State where Shankara was born
- (iv) A riverine plain famous for plenty of rice and fish

(b) On the provided political map of the World, name and mark the following : (1x4=4)

- (i) Temperate grasslands of Australia
- (ii) River draining Prairies in USA
- (iii) Largest fresh water Lake in North America
- (iv) Tropical grasslands in East Africa

SUBJECT : SOCIAL SCIENCE

Time : 3 hrs.

M.M. : 80

General Instructions :

- (i) Read all the questions carefully and number the answers according to the questions.
- (ii) Multiple choice question is to be answered in the answer sheet.
- (iii) Write all the answers in a neat and legible handwriting.
- (iv) Attempt all the questions.
- (v) Write complete sentences for question numbers 2 and 3.
- (vi) Attach the maps properly to the main sheet.
- (vii) Questions carrying 3 marks should be answered within 60-80 words.
- (viii) Questions carrying 5 marks should be answered within 80-100 words.

Q1. Each question has four options out of which only one is correct. Choose the correct option and write it in the answer sheet. (1x6=6)

(i) _____ is a famous classical dance of Tamil Nadu.

- (a) Bharatnatyam (b) Manipuri
- (c) Kuchipudi (d) Kathak

(ii) Who was the tenth guru of the Sikhs?

- (a) Banda Bahadur (b) Guru Nanak
- (c) Guru Gobind Singh (d) Ranjit Singh

(iii) When we do not treat people equally or with respect, we practice _____.

- (a) stereotype (b) discrimination
- (c) violation (d) injustice

(iv) Branded products cost higher than loose products because

- (a) they are packed properly
- (b) they include the cost of packaging and advertising.
- (c) they are advertised a number of times.
- (d) none of the above

(v) The temperate grasslands in Argentina are known as _____

- (a) Savanna
- (b) Down
- (c) Pampas
- (d) Steppe

(vi) _____ is the largest river basin of the world.

- (a) Indus basin
- (b) Ganga-Brahmaputra basin
- (c) Amazon basin
- (d) Godavari Mahanadi basin

Q2. Correct the incorrect statements : (1x6=6)

- (a) Guru Nanak Dev was the founder of Khalsa.
- (b) Samudragupta constructed the temple of Jagannatha at Puri.
- (c) Scheduled Caste is the official term used for Adivasis.
- (d) Political advertisements refer to advertisements made by the state or private agencies that give a larger message to the society.
- (e) Gandhak, Ghaghra and Son are the tributaries of River Brahmaputra.
- (f) Kimberley is known as the gold capital of the world.

Q3. Answer the following questions in one sentence each :

(1x8=8)

- (a) What do you mean by 'basohli'?
- (b) Which Afghan ruler invaded India five times between 1748-1761?

(c) Name two Mughal rulers assassinated by their nobles.

(d) How does the constitution play an important role in people's struggle for equality?

(e) When is International Women's Day celebrated?

(f) Define the term 'Population Density'.

(g) Why are Prairies known as the 'Granaries of the World'?

(h) Which two rivers drain velds in South Africa?

Q4. What were the important architectural features of the temples of Bengal? (3)

Q5. Describe the beliefs and practices of Nathpanthis, Siddhas and Yogis. (3)

Q6. 'The Mughal Empire started facing a number of challenges by the end of the seventeenth century.' Explain three factors responsible for the downfall of Mughal Empire. (3)

Q7. How do the advertisements play an important role in human lives? (3)

Q8. Why do children from dalits, adivasis and Muslim communities leave school? (3)

Q9. 'The Tawa Matsya Sangh in Madhya Pradesh is an example of people coming together to fight for an issue.' Explain. (3)

Q10. Why is Ganga-Brahmaputra basin thickly populated region of India? (3)

Q11. 'Afforestation is the need of the hour for maintaining a balance in ecosystem'. Suggest any three measures to conserve forests. (3)

Q12. Write a short note on Mediterranean Vegetation. (3)

Q13. Who was Asaf Jah? What were the policies adopted by him to strengthen his position? (1+4=5)